

2019

A-Z Children Company Limited by Guarantee T/A Nurture Africa

Directors' Report and Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended 31 December 2019

Registered Number: 366575

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DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION.

Resigned 21 July 2020 Jason Campbell **DIRECTORS**

Margaret Fitzgerald Brendan Kean Eoghan O'Neachtain Fiona Clancy

Elaine O'Rourke Yvonne Kielv Lucy Campbell

Appointed 26 June 2019 Appointed 21 July 2020 Appointed 21July 2020

Eoghan O'Neachtain **CHAIRMAN**

Lucy Campbell **SECRETARY** Resigned 18 May 2019 Deirdre Finlay Resigned 21 July 2020 Jason Campbell

Brendan Kean **TREASURER**

Brian Iredale CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

8 Killary Grove, **REGISTERED OFFICE** The Donahies,

Dublin 13.

54 Pembroke Road, **BUSINESS ADDRESSES**

Dublin 4, Ireland

Plot 3838, Nansana, Kampala, Uganda.

Deloitte Ireland LLP, INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm, Deloitte & Touche House, Earlsfort Terrace, Dublin 2.

Barclays Ltd, Bank of Ireland, PRINCIPAL BANKERS

65 Howth Road,

Raheny, Dublin 5. Plot 2/4 Hannington Rd, PO Box 7101, Kampala,

Uganda.

Muhumuza-Kiiza Advocates, **SOLICITORS**

PO Box 29167, Kampala,

Uganda.

366575 REGISTERED NUMBER

CHY15459 **CHARITY NUMBER**

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report together with the audited financial statements for the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND EXISTENCE OF BRANCHES OUTSIDE OF IRELAND

The company operates as a charity, running humanitarian projects in Uganda. The company is trading as Nurture Africa. A-Z Children's Charity Uganda operates as a branch of the company with a registered office at Plot 3838, Nansana, Kampala, Uganda.

Constitution:

A-Z Children Company Limited By Guarantee T/A Nurture Africa is a company limited by guarantee. Nurture Africa is a registered charity.

Our Vision:

"Empowering African Families to become more self-reliant".

Our Mission:

"To nurture the physical and emotional development of children in Uganda who are infected with or affected by HIV, by providing access to healthcare and education".

Our Values:

Nurture Africa is committed to the following values: -

- Passion
- Compassion
- Integrity
- Teamwork

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS IN 2019 AND TARGETS FOR 2020								
PROJECT/ DEPARTMENT	ACHIEVEMENTS 2019	TARGETS 2020						
	8,672 women received Sexual and Reproductive Health Services at our health facility	5,000 women to receive Sexual and Reproductive Health Services at our health facility						
	1,132 HIV infected children, adolescents and their guardians received HIV care and treatment.	2. 2,000 HIV infected children, adolescents and their guardians receive HIV care and treatment.						
Health	3. 22,687 clients received Primary Health Care Services.	3. 15,000 clients to receive Primary Health Care Services.						
	4. 466 clients took TB tests and 40 were confirmed TB positive	4. 400 clients to take TB tests and expect 50 to be TB positive						
	5. 209 disabled children provided with comprehensive physiotherapy and occupational therapy	250 disabled children to be provided with comprehensive physiotherapy and occupational therapy						
	6. 942 women delivered from Nurture Africa maternity health facility	6. 1,000 women to deliver from the Nurture Africa maternal health facility						
	Trained 586 HIV infected women on home gardens and improved agricultural methods	To train 500 HIV infected women on home gardens and improved agricultural methods.						
Sustainable livelihoods	2. 2,452 guardians and their family members improved their household income 3. Improved Food Security and Nutritional	To enable 2,000 guardians and their family members to improve their household income						
	Health among families of 586 HIV infected pregnant women.	3. To improve Food Security and Nutritional Health among families of 2,000 HIV infected pregnant women.						
Refugee Project	i. 318 students provided with educational support	Provide early learning support to 300 children and 100 youth with safe space to build their resilience						
Refugee Project (cont)	2. 396 children and guardians sensitized on child protection and sexual and gender based violence issues. 4 child abuse cases reported and referred.	2. To conduct child protection and GBV sensitizations to 1,000 guardians in the community and 5,000 children.						
	and out of the second s	3.To develop 3 teacher village saving						

PROJECT/ DEPARTMENT	ACHIEVEMENTS 2019	TARGETS 2020
		and loans association groups (TVSLA).
		4. To train 1,000 adolescent girls in making reusable sanitary pads.
		5. To train 65 teachers in child centered teaching methodologies
		6. Provide scholastic materials and uniforms to 1,000 pupils to aid them do their final examinations in the 13 primary schools.
Volunteer Project	Hosted 184 Irish International Volunteers who worked on Ugandan community projects in Nansana Municipality – Wakiso District.	To host 170 Irish International Volunteers to work on Ugandan community projects in Nansana Municipality – Wakiso District.
Education	Contributed school fees, scholastic materials, development fees for 210 OVCs Improved literacy levels of 2299 pupils among schools and communities in Kasengejje and Nansana. Provided meals to 748 pupils of Kasengejje Primary School 141 youth trained in practical employable apprenticeship skills	To contribute scholastic materials, development fees for 240 OVCs at primary level To improve literacy levels of 1,500 pupils among schools and communities in Wakiso To provide practical employable apprenticeship skills to 200 vulnerable youth in Nansana Municipality

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

SOCIAL BENEFIT

Apart from the obvious achievements outlined above, where significant numbers of families are able to access health services and educational support, Nurture Africa is focused on lasting societal change through its holistic family centred model. Combining several interventions at household level creates a bigger impact and builds resilience. The charity has been instrumental in championing the rights of women and children, especially in the refugee settlements in the West Nile Region of Uganda. Significant progress has been made in children's rights and capacity building stakeholders (local council leaders, police and guardians), in pursuing cases of violence against women and children. Nurture Africa has also promoted women as income generators through Community Banking Groups loans and business skills training which translates into long term improved outcomes for the children. Since 2016 skills training has been expanded with classes being provided for mainly female teenagers in the areas of hairdressing, tailoring, catering, crafts and IT training. A social enterprise was also established for the youth enabling them to earn an income as well as develop their skills with a second enterprise set up in 2018

COMPLIANCE

Nurture Africa complies with the Dochas Code of Conduct on Images and Messages and Comhlamh's Volunteer Charter. Nurture Africa adopts the Dochas and Corporate Governance Association of Ireland's Irish Development NGO. Nurture Africa also complies with the Statement of guiding principles for fundraising. Nurture Africa is also in the process of filling in the compliance form for the Charities Regulator Charities Governance Code. Specific agreements are signed between Nurture Africa and donor organisations, outlining the deliverables of the programs and achievement milestones. Monitoring is carried out either by written report or audit to ensure agreed objectives and milestones are achieved. There was no overlap of funding by donors with funds received from Irish Aid. No funding from Irish Aid was used in onward payment to other NGO's.

RISK STATEMENT

The major risks to which the charity is exposed, as identified by the directors have been reviewed and systems or processes have been established to manage these risks. The major risk to the charity is the continuing flow of funds from donors/volunteers to carry out its work in the present pandemic environment, particularly the flow of unrestricted funds from volunteers to fund activities which do not attract donor funds. Mitigating actions have been to seek multiyear funding agreements from donors to give more cash flow visibility, to expand the volunteer programs to extra rounds in addition to the main summer volunteer round and forming partnerships with commercial and educational institutes focusing on specific skills training activities. The scope of some donor agreements has been broadened to fund some administrative costs. Monthly board activities include cash flow management and review of both restricted and unrestricted funds flows and balances. The charity intends to drive towards Self Sustainability and in February 2017 introduced Pay for Services in the clinic based on ability to pay with a small charge for consultation and medication. During 2019 the sustainability drive has continued with the opening of a second café and hair salon as part of the youth social enterprise model with charges for some hairdressing, fashion and craft activities provided by the training centre, and Maternity Services in the clinic. Total Sustainability Income in 2019 amounted to €188,842 (11.6% of Total Income), (2018: €52,724 or 3.0% of Total Income).

MONITORING AND EVALUATION

The CEO, board of directors and volunteer coordinator regularly visit the overseas projects supported by Nurture Africa. During 2019, the CEO and board carried out monitoring visits to Nurture Africa projects in Uganda.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

FINANCIAL REVIEW

For 2019 the charity prepared its financial statements in accordance with the formats provided for in Charities SORP (FRS 102). The charity's incoming funds, expenses and reserves are segregated into Restricted and Unrestricted categories. Total Income and Endowments for 2019 amounted to €1,633,384 (2018: €1,726,539), a reduction of €93,155 over the prior year. The two major contributors to this decrease are: €300,000 from Irish Aid versus €390,000 in 2018 and the Nando and Elsa Peretti Foundation €100,000 (2018: €175,000) in support of South Sudan refugee projects in the West Nile Region of Uganda. Off-setting this were contributions from AF Jochnick Foundation €50,000 and an increase in Sustainability Income of €136,118 over prior year. Of the 2019 Income and Endowments total, €1,042,708 (68%) (2018: €1,288,220) (75%) was in the form of restricted funds. The remaining €590,676 was un-restricted (2018: €438,319). The top 5 sources of Incoming Resources, amounting to 65% of the total are the Volunteer Overseas Development Programme (20%); Irish Aid (18%); Sustainability Activities (12%); Donations in Kind (9%); IDI (6%).

RESULTS AND RETENTION

The results for the financial year are set out in the Statement of Financial Activities on Page 15.

LIKELY FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS IN THE CHARITY

The directors are confident that the company will continue to grow and meet its annual commitments. As noted in the Risk Statement, during 2019 the Charity has introduced an additional number of measures designed to improve self-sustainability, beginning with the youth social enterprise model which generates income from café, salon, craft and clothes making services. The most vulnerable will continue to receive medical treatment free of charge. Other self-sustainability measures being continued are craft working, tailoring and hairdressing as a result of vocational skills training carried out by the charity with disadvantaged young people as well as Maternity Services. The impact of the Covid 19 pandemic is referenced in Section 21.

DIRECTORS

Nurture Africa is administered by the Board of Directors. No member of the board can be appointed to any salaried position of the company. Directors receive no remuneration (fees, salaries or pension contributions) for carrying out their duties. New directors receive an induction and training if required or requested. Travel expenses of €1,736 for monitoring visits to Uganda for Directors were paid in 2019 (2018: €3,717 travel expenses). The directors review the finances and monitor the charitable work in detail at each board meeting. These are held on a regular basis throughout the year. In between meetings, the day-to-day management of the organization is delegated to the Chief Executive Officer and the management team.

DIRECTORS AND SECRETARY

The current Directors and Secretary are shown on Page 3. The directors, who served at any time during the 2019 financial year except as noted, were as follows:

Jason Campbell Appointed 18 May 2019, Resigned 21 July 2020

Margaret Fitzgerald Brendan Kean

Eoghan O'Neachtain

Annabel O'Keeffe Resigned 14 May 2019
Fiona Clancy Appointed 14 May 2019
Elaine O'Rourke Appointed 26 Jun 2019
Yvonne Kiely Appointed 21 July 2020
Lucy Campbell Appointed 21 July 2020

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

DIRECTORS AND SECRETARY (continued)

Secretary:

Deirdre Finlay

Resigned 18 May 2019 Appointed 11 Mar 2020

Lucy Campbell Jason Campbell

Appointed 18 May 2019, Resigned 21 July 2020

NURTURE AFRICA'S HUMAN RESOURCES

During 2019 Nurture Africa had an average of 108 full time staff in Uganda, 1 full time and 2 part time staff in Ireland.

FUNDRAISING AND COMMUNICATIONS

Nurture Africa received financial backing for its programmes from Irish Aid, the Government of Ireland's programme of assistance to Developing countries, during 2019. Grants are also received from companies, foundations and other NGOs to help fund Nurture Africa's programmes. Nurture Africa raises funds through the generosity of the Irish public but does no direct fundraising activities apart from the Christmas Gifts Campaign. Nurture Africa instead focuses on supporting the 160+ volunteers going out to volunteer in Uganda who are required to fundraise. Donations are also received from donors who contribute towards our education projects on a monthly basis. These funds are ring-fenced for the educational project. Nurture Africa complies with the subsections of Part 7 of the Charities Act 2009 on fundraising and the duties of collectors. Fundraising is funded from Unrestricted Income and consisted of items below:

	2019 €	2018 €
Marketing	2,869	12,418
Salaries, travel and other costs	<u>29,245</u>	<u>26,279</u>
	<u>32,114</u>	<u>38,697</u>

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

See Section 21 Subsequent Events - Page 30 for comment.

GOING CONCERN

The outbreak of Covid 19 around the world has created significant uncertainty for the charity. It is difficult at this stage to accurately predict the impact on activities due to limited visibility of outcomes either in Ireland or Uganda. The Irish Volunteer program was a major generator of unrestricted income and the June/July activities have been cancelled which will impact projects not specifically funded by donors. Future events outside our control will dictate whether the October volunteering round will take place. In the meantime the directors have reviewed 2020 capital investment projects and other discretionary spending to conserve cash and maintain support for the vulnerable communities we support. Sourcing Personal Protective Equipment is difficult due to world-wide demand but maintaining the safety of our clients and staff is our top priority.

Notwithstanding the above, and taking to account the directors review of 2020 capital investment projects and other discretionary spending to conserve cash, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the organisation has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, albeit at a reduced level due to Covid 19. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in Note 1 to the financial statements. **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- (i) so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- (ii) the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 330 of the Companies Act 2014.

ACCOUNTING RECORDS

The measures that the directors have taken to secure compliance with the requirements of sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014 with regard to the keeping of accounting records, are the engagement of appropriately qualified accounting personnel and the maintenance of computerised accounting systems. The accounting records are maintained at the company's business address in Ireland.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Deloitte Ireland LLP, Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit firm, continue in office in accordance with Section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014.

Signed on behalf of the Board:

Eoghan O'Neachtain Brendan Kean

Director Director

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Cycle ("relevant financial reporting framework"). Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors' report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Irish legislation governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.



Independent auditor's report to the members of A-Z Children Company Limited by Guarantee

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion on the financial statements of A-Z Children Company Limited by Guarantee (the 'company')

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 December 2019 and of the expenditure for the financial year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework and, in particular, with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements we have audited comprise:

- the Statement of Financial Activities;
- · the Balance Sheet;
- the Cash Flow Statement; and
- the related notes 1 to 21, including a summary of significant accounting policies as set out in note 1.

The relevant financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("the relevant financial reporting framework").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (Ireland) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

Deloitte.

Independent auditor's report to the members of A-Z Children Company Limited by Guarantee

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' Report and Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended 31 December 2019, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

Deloitte.

Independent auditor's report to the members of A-Z Children Company Limited by Guarantee

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont/d)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity (or where relevant, the group) to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that the auditor identifies during the audit.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited.
- The financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.
- In our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements and the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2014.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the provisions in the Companies Act 2014 which require us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions specified by law are not made.

John Kehoe

For and on behalf of Deloitte Ireland LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm Deloitte & Touche House, Earlsfort Terrace, Dublin 2

Date: 7 December 2020

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

INCOME and ENDOWMENTS from:	Notes 3	Restricted Funds	Unrestricted Funds	2019 Total	Restricted Funds	Funds	2018 Total
INCOME and ENDOWMENTS ITOM.	3	€	€	€	€	€	€
Donations and Legacies Charitable Activities		1,042,708	8,466 S 392,751 S	1,051,174 392,751	1,288,220	13,725 371,317	1,301,945 371,317
Other Trading Activities		- :	188,842	188,842		52,724 F	52,724
Investments		- '	617	617	-	553	553
TOTAL		1,042,708	590,676	1,633,384	1,288,220	438,319 F	1,726,539
EXPENDITURE on:	5					_	
Raising Funds		-	32,114	32,114	-	60,759	60,759
Charitable Activities		1,035,886	603,412	1,639,298	1,075,251	366,916 P	1,442,167
TOTAL EXPENDITURE		1,035,886	635,526	1,671,412	1,075,251	427,675 P	1,502,926
NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE) BEFORE TAXATION Taxation	7 6	6,822	(44,850)	(38,028)	212,969	10,644	223,613
NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE) AFTER TAXATION	ь	6,822	(44,850)	(38,028)	212,969	10,644	223,613
HET HOOME (EACHORE) AT LER TAXATION		0,022	(44,000)	(30,020)	212,505	10,044	223,013
OTHER RECOGNISED (LOSSES)/GAINS							
F/X (losses)/gains on foreign operations		(26,687)	38,207	11,520	(12,493)	11,854	(639)
NET MOVEMENT in FUNDS		(19,865)	(6,643)	(26,508)	200,476	22,498	222,974
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS	11						
Total Funds Brought Forward		645,300	258,440	903,740	444,824	235,942	680,766
Total Funds Carried Forward		625,435	251,797	877,232	645,300	258,440	903,740

BALANCE SHEET as at December 31 2019

			2019		2018
FIXED ASSETS	Note	€	€	€	€
Tangible Fixed Assets	8		707,580		619,495
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	9		0		33,995
Cash at Bank and in Hand			199,693		277,226
			199,693	•	311,221
CURRENT LIABILITIES CREDITORS (Amounts Falling Due within one Year)	10		(30,041)		(26,976)
,					• • •
NET CURRENT ASSETS			169,652		284,245
TOTAL NET ASSETS			877,232		903,740
RESERVES	11				
Restricted Reserves	• •	652,122		787,537	
Foreign Currency Reserve - Restricted		(26,687)		(142,237)	
Total Restricted Reserves		(20)00.7	625,435	(142,237)	645,300
Unrestricted Reserves		213,590		315,405	
Foreign Currency Reserve – Unrestricted		38,207		(56,965)	
Total Unrestricted Reserves		4************************************	251,797	·········	
TOTAL RESERVES			877,232		903,740

The financial statements were approved by the Board of I	Directors on	24/11/20 and
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Signed on its behalf by:

Eoghan O'Neachtain

Brendan Kean

Director Director

ASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

		2019	2018
		€	€
Cash flows from operating activities	12		
Net Cash inflow from operating activities		59,495	248,532
Cashflows from Investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(145,210)	(126,235)
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period		(85,715)	122,297
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		277,226	163,190
Change in cash and cash equivalents due to exchange rate movements		8,182	(8,261)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period		199,693	277,226

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General information and basis of accounting

The significant accounting policies adopted by the company are as follows:

A-Z Children Company Limited by Guarantee T/A Nurture Africa is a company incorporated in Ireland under the Companies Act 2014. The address of the registered office is 8 Killary Grove, The Donahies, Dublin 13, Registration No. 366575. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the directors' report on pages 4 to 10.

Format of the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with:

- Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities
 preparing their financial statements in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK
 and Republic of Ireland (Charities SORP (FRS 102));
- The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102); and
- Irish statute comprising the Companies Act 2014

As permitted by section 291(3)(4) of the Companies Act 2014 the company has varied the standard format specified in the Act for the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Statement. Departures from the standard formats, as outlined in the Companies Act 2014, are to comply with the requirements of the Charities SORP (FRS 102) and are in compliance with sections 4.7, 10.6 and 5.2 of that SORP. The Charities SORP was developed by the Charities Commission of England and Wales and the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator, who are joint SORP making bodies recognised by the UK Accounting Standards Board as the appropriate parties to develop SORPs for the charity sector.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and Irish statute comprising the Companies Acts 2014 as applied in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) (FRS102) "Accounting and Reporting by Charities" as jointly published by the Charity Commission for England and Wales and the office of the Scottish Charity Regulator, who are recognised by the UK Accounting Standards Board (ASB), as the appropriate body to issue SORPs for the charity sector in the UK. Financial reporting in line with the SORP 2015 is considered best practice for charities in Ireland.

As noted above, the directors consider the adoption of the SORP requirements is the most appropriate accounting practice and presentation to properly reflect and disclose the activities of the organisation. The functional currency of the company is considered to be Euro because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Going concern

The outbreak of Covid 19 around the world has created significant uncertainty for the charity. It is difficult at this stage to accurately predict the impact on activities due to limited visibility of outcomes either in Ireland or Uganda. The Irish Volunteer program was a major generator of unrestricted income and the June/July activities have been cancelled which will impact projects not specifically funded by donors. Future events outside our control will dictate whether the October volunteering round will take place. In the meantime the directors have reviewed 2020 capital investment projects and other discretionary spending to conserve cash and maintain support for the vulnerable communities we support. Sourcing Personal Protective Equipment is difficult due to world-wide demand but maintaining the safety of our clients and staff is our top priority.

Notwithstanding the above, and taking to account the directors review of 2020 capital investment projects and other discretionary spending to conserve cash, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the organisation has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, albeit at a reduced level due to Covid 19. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Other accounting policies

Income - Revenue grants, volunteering income and corporate donations are recognised when the company has entitlement to the funds, any performance conditions attached to the items of income have been met, it is probable that the income will be received, and the amount can be measured reliably.

Restricted Funds - Income received by the company, the application of which is restricted to a specific purpose by the donor, is treated as restricted funds and any surplus as restricted assets.

Unrestricted Funds - Other income, apart from restricted funds, is used by the company in the furtherance of its work and objectives. Such funds may be held in order to finance working capital or may be used at the discretion of the organisation for specified purposes that are within the aims of the organisation.

Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation - Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. The charge for depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets to their estimated residual values by equal installments over their expected useful lives which are as follows:

Class of Asset	Basis of Depreciation	Estimated Useful Life -Yrs
Buildings/Leasehold Land	Straight Line	50/49
Motor vehicles	Straight Line	4
Furniture & Equipment – Computer & IT, Medical and Miscellaneous	Straight Line	3

Freehold Land is recorded at historic cost and not depreciated. Buildings under Construction are included under Buildings in the analysis of Tangible Assets and not depreciated until occupancy occurs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign Currencies - The financial statements are stated in Euro. Transactions in foreign currencies during the year have been translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to Euro at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. The resulting gains and losses are dealt with through the Statement of Financial Activities.

Operating Leases - Operating lease costs are charged to the Statement of Financial Activities on a straight-line basis.

Financial Instruments – Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Financial assets and liabilities

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Impairment of Assets - Assets, other than those measured at fair value, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss as described below.

Non-financial assets

An asset is impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after initial recognition, the estimated recoverable value of the asset has been reduced to below it's carrying amount. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal. An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value had no impairment been recognised.

Debt instruments that are classified as payable or receivable within one year on initial recognition and which meet the above conditions are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received, net of impairment.

Commitments to make and receive loans which meet the conditions mentioned above are measured at cost (which may be nil) less impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the company transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the company, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Defined contribution pension obligation - Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense as they fall due. Any contributions outstanding at the period end are included as an accrual in Balance Sheet.

2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Information about critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the accounting policies and the notes to the financial statements.

3. INCOME and ENDOWMENTS

Public donations and similar income from fundraising events are accounted for when received. As with many similar charitable organisations, independent groups from time to time organise fundraising activities. However, as amounts collected in this way are outside the control of A-Z Children Limited by Guarantee, they are not included in the financial statements until received by A-Z Children Company Limited by Guarantee. Grant income from operating activities, in furtherance of the charity's objectives is accounted for on a receivable basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

3. INCOME and ENDOWMENTS (Continued)

	Restricted	Unrestricted	2019 Total	2018 Total
INCOME and ENDOWMENTS from:	€	€	€	€
Donations and Legacies				
Irish Aid	300,000	-	300,000	390,000
Lessons For Life Foundation	51,310	-	51,310	76,308
Nando Piretti	100,000	-	100,000	175,000
CAFU	-	•	•	30,323
Swiss Philanthropy	87,665	-	87,665	119,152
ADDAX & ORYX Foundations	-	-	-	41,344
Izumi Foundation	38,081	•	38,081	63,777
UCD Volunteers	34,760	•	34,760	-
AF Jochnick Foundation	50,000	-	50,000	-
IDI Foundation	104,047	-	104,047	85,722
Sponsorship for Education	47,973	8,466	56,439	51,503
Donations In Kind	141,252	•	141,252	149,286
Other Donations	87,619	-	87,619	119,530
TOTAL	1,042,708	8,466	1,051,174	1,301,945
Charitable Activities				
Volunteering Income	-	333,997	333,997	336,995
Corporate Donations	-	46,431	46,431	25,741
Other Donations	-	12,323	12,323	8,581
TOTAL	-	392,751	392,751	371,317
Other Trading Activities	-	188,842	188,842	52,724
Investments	*	617	617	553
TOTAL	1,042,708	590,676	1,633,384	1,726,539

Income and Endowments for 2019 include an amount of €141,252 (2018: €149,286), being Donations in Kind (DIK), mainly of drugs and laboratory consumables. Donations in Kind are included in Income and Endowments at the time of the donation and are valued on the basis of Pro-forma Invoices issued by the donors at the time of donation. For non-Euro DIK's conversion is at the prevailing exchange rate as used for processing similarly dated banking transactions.

Domestically Generated Voluntary Income from all sources for 2019 amounted to €479,095 (2018: €514,265) of which €130,823 (2018: €155,925) was from Restricted sources.

Acknowledgment is made of support from the following donors/charitable foundations - Nando Piretti, AF Johcnick Foundation, Quinn Family Foundation, Lessons for Life Foundation, Segal Foundation, Izumi Foundation, Mercury Phoenix, INTO, Koornzayer Foundation, UCDVO, IDI, Electric Aid, Dublin City Council and Swiss Philanthropy.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

4. EXPENDITURE

Expenditure is analysed between activities in furtherance of the charity's objectives (charitable activities) and the cost of generating voluntary income.

The costs of each activity have been separately accumulated and disclosed. Expenditure is recognised in the period to which it relates. Expenditure incurred but unpaid or not yet invoiced at the balance sheet date is included in accruals and other creditors. Charitable expenditure comprises all expenditure incurred by the company in meeting its charitable objectives as opposed to the costs of raising funds to finance these activities, or the costs associated with governance. Publicity costs are included under the costs of indirect support costs due to the nature of the costs being linked to the raising of funds in furtherance of the charity's objectives.

Expenditure in project locations overseas is recognised as charitable expenditure of the period in which it occurs.

Expenditure - Charitable Activities

The costs of Charitable Activities are analysed on the following page for the various programmes. Direct programme costs representing expenditure carried out for specific programmes are charged directly to those programmes. Support costs which cannot be charged directly to a specific programme are allocated based on the amount of time and staff resources consumed by the programme.

Fund-raising costs are shown separately on the Expenditure analysis.

Expenditure Breakdown

Total Expenditure for 2019 amounted to €1,671,412 (2018: €1,502,926) resulting in a deficit of €38,028 (2018: surplus of €223,613) or approximately 2.3% of Income and Endowments for the year. As noted in Note 3 in the Income and Endowments Section, Expenditure includes Donation in Kind Expenditure of €141,252 (2018: €149,286). The same valuation basis and Exchange Rate treatment is used for Expenditure of Donation in Kind as is used for Income and Endowments. The stock of unused Donation in Kind drugs and laboratory consumables at year end was not material.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

5. RESOURCES EXPENDED

	Education	Child	Community	Fund	Sustainable	Overseas Volunteer	Youth Program	Other Trading Activities	Total Charitable	Total Charitable
Description Charitable Activities	Program	Protection	Healthcare Clinic	Raising	Livelihood	Development Project	riogiani	Activides	Activities 2019	Activities 2018
Resources Expended – Charitable Activities	€	€	€	€	€	€	€	€	€	€
Clinic Supplies – Drugs, Laboratory		-	201,164	_		_	-	•	201,164	173,924
Clinical Waste Management	_	-	1,544	-	-	-	•	-	1,544	529
Mobilisation & Monitoring	399	25	602	-	2,604	-	280	-	3,910	255,740
Client Costs-transport, training, food	9,305	158	67,689	-	-	31,414	38,515	69,255	216,336	144,839
Telephone/iT	8		10,806			-	1,858	330	13,002	13,464
Loan Management	-	-		-	6,958	-	-	-	6,958	7,921
School Fees & Materials	58,215	-	-				-	-	58,215	93,548
Materials & Equipment	32,789	0	1,648		-	519	35,688	44	70,688	37,434
Personnel Costs	40,418	10,503	445,428	29,245	15,340	24,011	58,073	12,416	635,434	490,407
Travel	160		13,890	0	175	85,651	34,051	306	134,233	71,404
Accommodation		-		-	-	8,744	-		8,744	15,222
Security	_	-	-	_	-	4,751	-	-	4,751	184
Staff Development	_	-	286	-	-	92	-	-	378	5,770
Health & Safety	-	-	2,499	-	-	-		-	2,499	9,959
General Administration	1,513	_	10,332	-	-	641	1,361	620	14,467	25,667
Promotion & Marketing Costs	.,	_	565	-	-	4,218		-	4,782	10,974
Facilities & Maintenance Costs		_	32,067		96	370	6,593	29,349	68,475	58,688
Financial/Legal & Professional Costs	1,379	-	11,967	-	1	-	1,065	1,643	16,055	43,181
Depreciation	3,453	_	43,713	-	1,637	165	5,073	6,422	60,463	44,071
Indirect Support Costs	14,483	1,048	82,812	2,869	2,630	15,743	17,917	11,809	149,310	
Programme Total	162,122	11,735	927,013	32,114	29,442	176,318	200,475	132,193	1,671,412	1,502,926

- For 2018 Indirect Support Costs totaled €108,632 and were analysed by expense category within the total of €1,502,926 and include Personnel Costs €17,915, Travel and subsistence €36,152, General Administration €23,318, Facilities & Maintenance €12,515, Finance & Legal €18,732 and Depreciation €10,500.
- 2019 In 2019 Indirect Support Costs of €149,310 are analysed by project include Personnel Costs €16,226 Travel and Subsistence €33,783 Audit/Legal/Professional Fees €31,814, and General Administration and Maintenance €26,484, Insurance €19,122 and Depreciation €21,881.

Allocation is based on activity levels of the various projects (head count, space occupied and client numbers).

6. TAXATION

As a result of the company's charitable status, no charge to corporation tax arises under the provision of Section 207 of the Taxes Consolidation Act, 1997.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

7. NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)BEFORE TAXATION	2019	2018
	€	€
The Net Income/(Expenditure) before Taxation is stated after charging: Directors' remuneration Depreciation	<u>-</u> 60,463	<u>-</u> 44,071
Auditor's remuneration disclosures (net of VAT):		
Audit Taxation Other assurance Other non-audit services	9,001 - - -	9,931 - - - -
	<u>9,001</u>	<u>9,931</u>

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

In respect of current year 2019

	Freehold /Leasehold		Motor	Furniture &	
	Land	Buildings	Vehicles	Equipment	Total
	€	€	€	€	€
Cost at 1st Jan 2019	23,087	541,741	81,183	144,648	790,659
Additions 2019	0	86,384	5,750	53,076	145,210
Foreign Currency Exchange on Consolidation	1,046	21,884	3,346	4,635	30,911
Cost at 31st Dec 2019	24,133	650,009	90,279	202,359	966,780
Depreciation at 1st Jan 2019	2,942	44,756	33,410	90,056	171,164
Charges for 2019	733	14,627	16,504	28,599	60,463
Foreign Currency Exchange on Consolidation	2,060	3,842	1,527	20,138	27,567
Depreciation at 31st Dec 2019	5,735	63,225	51,441	138,798	259,199
Net Book value at 31st Dec 2019	18,398	586,785	38,837	63,560	707,580
Net Book value at 31st Dec 2018	20,145	496,985	47,773	54,592	619,495
	18,398	586,784	38,838	63,561	707,581

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

9. DEBTORS	2019	2018	
	€	€	
Other Debtors	-	28,069	
Community Banks Loan Accounts		<u>5,926</u>	
	-	<u>33,995</u>	
10. CREDITORS (Amounts falling due within one year)	2019	2018	
	€	€	
Other Creditors & Accruals	15,067	13,419	
Payroll Liabilities	14,974	<u>13,557</u>	
	<u>30,041</u>	<u> 26,976</u>	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

11. RESERVES

RESERVES POLICY Nurture Africa's policy is to retain sufficient reserves to ensure the ability to continue the operation of its programmes in the event of a delay in the receipt of committed funding or planned funding sources not coming to fruition. Most major donors of Restricted Funds make their grants in advance or against specific milestones and many make multiyear commitments. At year-end, total reserves stood at €877,232 (2018: €903,470), of which Cash-in-Hand amounted to €199,693 (2018 €277,226). Restricted reserves are released as the costs for the specific granted projects are incurred. The balance of reserves and Net Assets at yearend 2019 is broken down as follows between Restricted and Unrestricted Reserves:

RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS Balance at 1 January 2019 Net Income/ (Expenditure)	Restricted	2019 Unrestricted € 258,440 (44,850) 38,207	Total € 903,740 (38,028) 11,520	Restricted € 444,824 212,969 (12,493)	2018 Unrestricted € 235,942 10,644 11,854	Total € 680,766 223,613 (639)
Change in FX Reserves Balance at 31 December 2019	625,435	251,797	877,232	645,300	258,440	903,740
MOVEMENT IN FUNDS	Restricted €	Unrestricted €	Total €	Restricted €	Unrestricted €	Total €
Balance at 1 January 2019 Income Expenditure Change in FX Reserves	645,300 1,042,708 (1,035,886) (26,687)	258,440 590,676 (635,526) 38,207	903,740 1,633,384 (1,671,412) 11,520	444,824 1,288,220 (1,075,251) (12,493)	235,942 438,319 (427,675) 11,854	680,766 1,726,539 (1,502,926) (639)
Balance at 31 December 2019	625,435	251,797	877,232	645,300	258,440	903,740
ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS	Restricted €	Unrestricted €	Total €	Restricted €	Unrestricted €	Total €
Tangible Fixed Assets	464,065	243,515	707,580	406,295	213,000	619,495
Current Assets Current Liabilities	161,370	38,323 (30,041)	199,693 (30,041)	239,005	72,216 (26,976)	311,221 (26,976)
Balance at 31 December 2019	625,435	251,797	877,232	645,300	258,240	903,740

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

12. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Reconciliation of Net Income/(Expenditure) to net cash from operating activities

	2019	2018	
	€		
Net Income/(Expenditure) for the reporting period (as per the statement of financial activities)	(38,028)	223,613	
Adjustments for	A four & 1/1 is a constant.		
Depreciation Charges	60,463	44,071	
(Increase)/Decrease from Debtors	33,995	(8,417)	
(Decrease)/Increase from Creditors	3,065	(10,735)	
Net Cash provided by operating activities	59,495	248,532	

13. OPERATING LEASES

Total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

Land and Buildings:	<u>1 Yr</u> €	<u>1-5 Yrs</u>	Over 5 Yrs €
Operating lease on land in Uganda Expiring: More than five years	429	1,716	16,728
Operating lease on Office premises in Ireland, renewable annually	9,000	0	0
Total Commitment	9,429	_1,716	16,728

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

14. EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION	2019	2018	
The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year was:	Number	Number	
Management and head office staff (1 Full Time; 2 part time) Ugandan branch	3 <u>105</u>	3 <u>89</u>	
The aggregate payroll costs were:	108 €	<u>92</u> €	
Wages and salaries Head Office Ugandan branch	142,880 443,540	130,796 307,728	
Social welfare costs - Head office - Ugandan branch	15,395 43,602	14,433 30,717	
Pension	6,240	6,000	
	651,657	<u>489,674</u>	

Payroll Costs Include €5,067 (2018: €3,419) provision for untaken holidays at year end.

15. KEY MANAGEMENT COMPENSATION

The key management personnel are the Officers of the Board - the Chairman, the Treasurer and the Secretary as well as the CEO. Board members receive no remuneration, fees or expenses except for overseas travel. No loans were made or received by key management personnel. There was 1 employee with emoluments above €70,000 p.a. (2018: 1)

	2019	2018
	Number	Number
€60,000 -€70,000	0	0
€70,000 -€80,000	1	1

The salary of the CEO in 2019 is €75,216.96 p.a. (2018: €70,355.65), plus a pension contribution of €6,239.74 (2018: €6,000.00) and Employer PRSI of €8,236.24 (2018: €7,633.61)

16. LEGAL/FINANCIAL SUPPORT COSTS	2019	2018
	€	€
Bank Charges	2,963	9,090
Currency (Gain)/Loss	-	(16,061)
Legal/Audit/Insurance	37,910	50,047
Miscellaneous Expenditure	<u>6,364</u>	6,325
	<u>49,401</u>	<u>49,401</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

17. LEGAL STATUS OF A-Z CHILDREN COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

The company is limited by guarantee and does not have a share capital. Every member of the company undertakes, if necessary, on a winding up during the time they are a member or within one year after they cease to be a member, thereafter, to contribute to the assets of the company an amount not exceeding €1.

The company is prohibited by its constitution from distributing any of its reserves by way of a dividend or otherwise to its members.

18. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At the Balance Sheet date, the Company had no capital expenditure commitments.

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Nurture Africa has not received credit other than on normal terms or made or received concessionary loans in 2019 or 2018. The charity has no overdraft or any investments in stocks and shares or any type of derivatives and does not make hedging contracts for the buying or selling of foreign currencies.

20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTONS

There were no Related Party transactions in 2019 or 2018, other than those disclosed in Note 15 to the Financial Statements.

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to the financial year end Ireland has been impacted by the global Covid 19 pandemic. However, given the unprecedented nature of the outbreak it is not yet possible to determine its full impact on results for the next full financial year.

The organization will continue to monitor the situation and take appropriate measures to adapt to ensure key services continue to be delivered. It is a non-adjusting post balance sheet event.

There are no other significant events subsequent to the financial year end.